

Closterium lineatum

Ehrenberg ex Ralfs, 1848

Most likely ID: n.a.

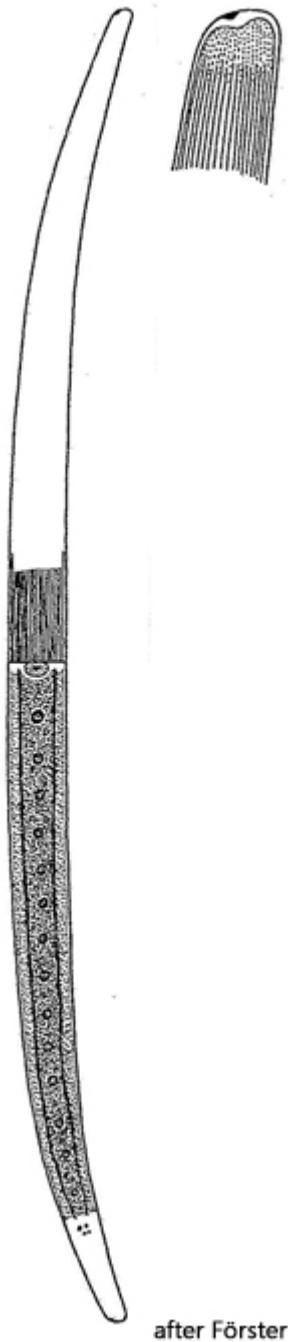
Synonym: n.a.

Sampling location: [Simmelried](#), Ibmer Moor (Austria), [Schwemm Moor \(Austria\)](#)

Phylogenetic tree: [Closterium lineatum](#)

Diagnosis:

- cell straight in middle part, ends attenuating and curved
- length 400–770 µm width 25–35 µm
- cell wall colorless or brownish
- cell wall smooth or with distinct striae
- puncta between striae
- striae at the cell ends resolved into puncta
- chloroplasts with 3–5 longitudinal ridges
- 9–22 pyrenoids in a row per semi-cell
- apices obliquely truncated with distinct apical pore
- terminal vacuoles with each 4–10 crystals
- girdle bands absent, sometimes pseudo girdle bands



Closterium lineatum

I found *Closterium lineatum* in the [Simmelried](#) until 1994, but not again after that. I found further specimens from the Ibmer Moor in Austria in 1995 and finally again from the [Schwemm Moor](#) (Austria) in 2025.

Closterium lineatum is one of the largest species in the genus *Closterium*. Most specimens are between 600 and 700 µm long. They are characterized by a straight middle section and then rapidly tapering and slightly curved ends. The apices are obliquely truncated and have a clearly visible, thickened pore (s. fig. 5 a-b). The striation of the cell wall was always very clear in my specimens (s. fig. 3). The cell wall is also clearly punctured between the

striations.

Closterium lineatum
Obj. 20 X

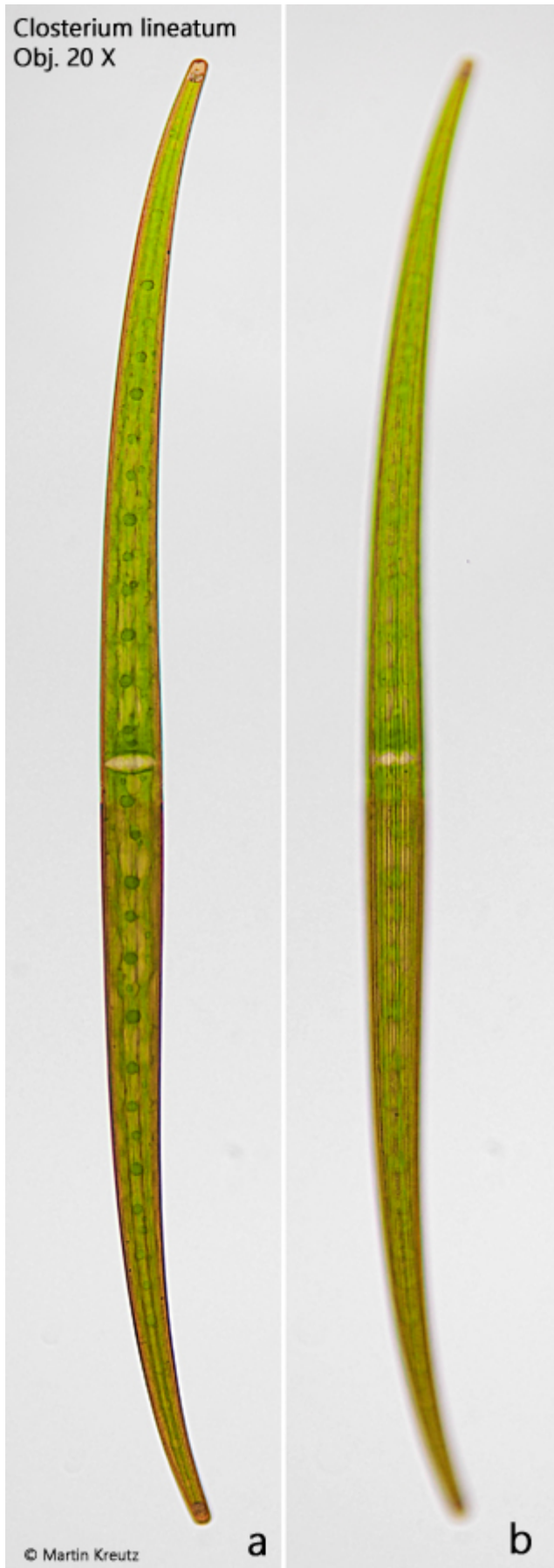
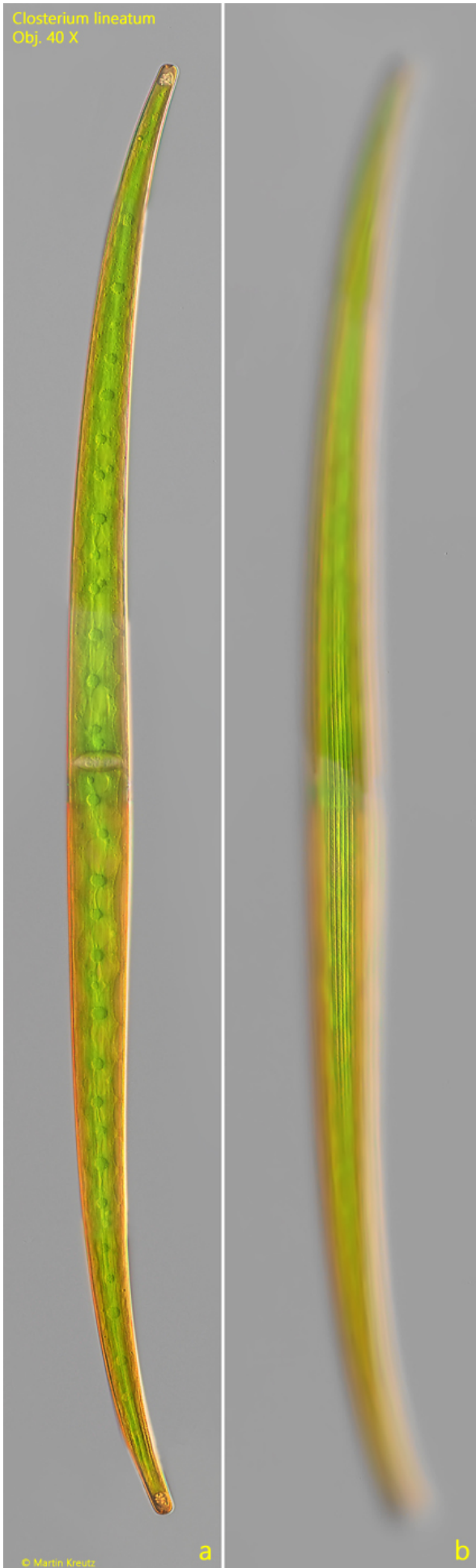


Fig. 1 a-b: *Closterium lineatum*. L = 765 µm. Two focal planes of a specimen in brightfield illumination. Obj. 100 X.

Closterium lineatum
Obj. 40 X



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a

b

Fig. 2 a-b: *Closterium lineatum*. L = 765 μm . The same specimen as shown in fig. 1 a-b in DIC and at higher magnification. Obj. 100 X.

Closterium lineatum
Obj. 100 X

10 μ m

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Fig. 3: *Closterium lineatum*. The striation of the cell wall in detail. Between the striae the cell wall is punctured. Obj. 100 X.

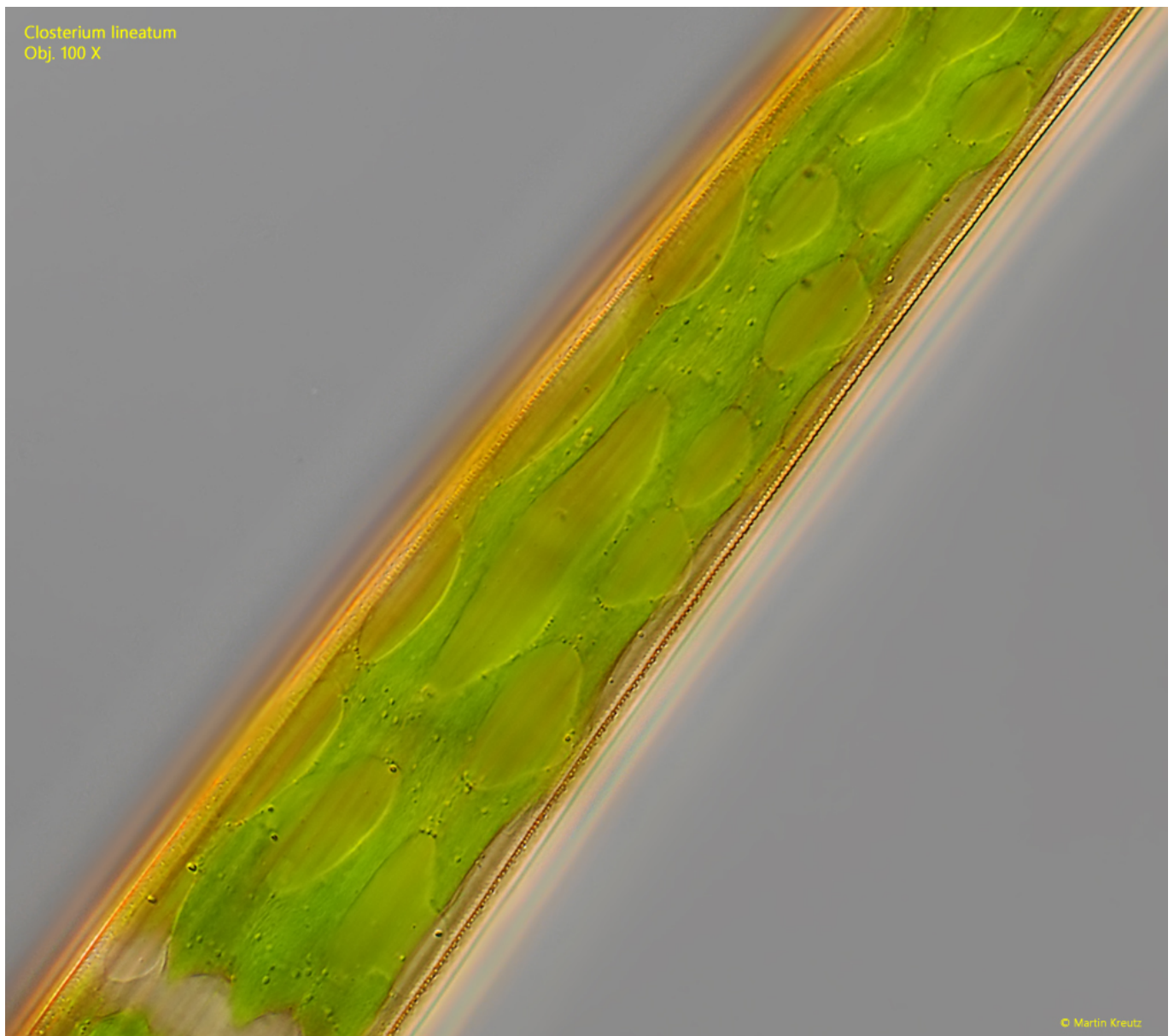


Fig. 4: *Closterium lineatum*. The chloroplast appears reticulate. Obj. 100 X.



Fig. 5 a-b: *Closterium lineatum*. The apex with a distinct, thickened pore (PO) in DIC (a) and in brightfield illumination (b). The terminal vacuole (TV) is filled with several gypsum crystals. Obj. 100 X.