Cosmarium transitorium

(Heimerl) Ducellier, 1918

Most likely ID: n.a.

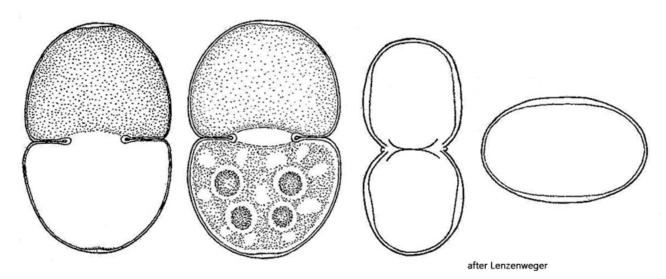
Synonym: n.a.

Sampling location: Schwemm Moor (Austria)

Phylogenetic tree: Cosmarium transitorium

Diagnosis:

- semi-cells almost hemi-spherical
- cells 1.5-1.6. times longer than wide
- length 60-80 μm, width 40-55 μm
- apices thickened
- cells wall punctate
- 2-4 pyrenoids per semi-cell



Cosmarium transitorium

I have so far only found *Cosmarium transitorium* in the <u>Schwemm Moor</u> in Austria. The specimens of my population were mostly between $60-70 \mu m$ long and had only 2 pyrenoids per semi-cell. However, sometimes there can also be 4 pyrenoids per

semi-cell. The cell wall is finely granulated and the apices are distinctly thickened.

Cosmarium transitorium can be confused with Cosmarium pachydermum and Cosmarium incrassum var. schmidlei. However, Cosmarium pachydermum does not have thickened apices and is significantly larger at 80-120 μm. Cosmarium incrassum var. schmidlei is also larger (80-100 μm) and has a central, smooth area without pores in the middle of the semi-cells.

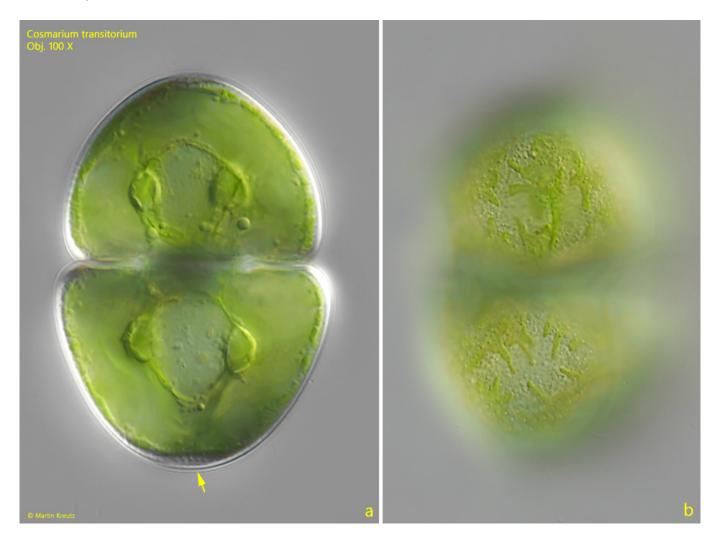


Fig. 1 a-b: Cosmarium transitorium. $L = 62 \mu m$. Two focal planes of a specimen found in the Schwemm Moor. Note the thickened apices (arrow). Obj. 100 X.

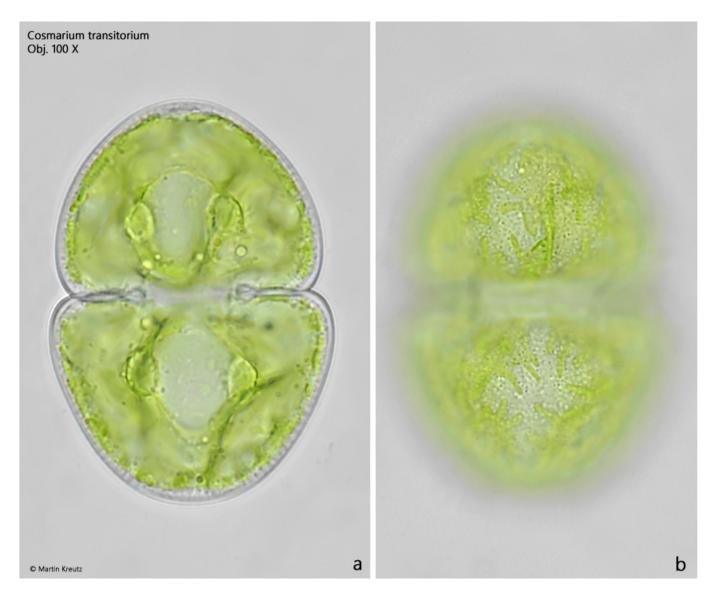


Fig. 2 a-b: Cosmarium transitorium. $L=62\ \mu m$. The same specimen as shown in fig. 1 a-b in brightfield illumination. Obj. 100 X.