## Micrasterias jenneri Ralfs, 1848

Most likely ID: n.a.

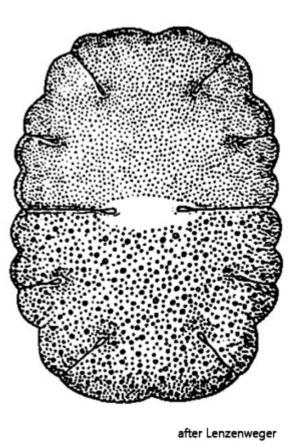
Synonym: n.a.

Sampling location: Schwemm Moor (Austria)

Phylogenetic tree: Micrasterias jenneri

## **Diagnosis:**

- body rounded, almost rectangular
- length 150-180 μm, width 100-130 μm
- linear deep sinus
- semi-cells 5 lobed
- incisions of lobes are moderately deep
- polar lobe convex with notch-shaped incision
- cell surface with fine pores



Micrasterias jenneri

I have only found *Micrasterias jenneri* once before in 2004 in the Schwemm Moor in Austria. The Schwemm Moor is located near the Walchsee. The find is interesting because Lenzenweger (1996) writes: "from Austria there is so far only a single, rather dubious record from a waterhole on the Tauernhöhe at 1700m (Bock, 1960)". It may therefore be a lucky chance find of this rare desmid alga.

The shape of *Micrasteria jenneri* is somewhat reminiscent of *Micrasterias denticulata*. However, the latter species is considerably larger, is slightly waisted and above all has more lobes, which are cut twice by incisions. In *Micrasterias jenneri*, each lobe is only moderately incised once. The shape is therefore much simpler.

The few specimens I found were between 150-160 µm long. All specimens were densely filled with starch grains, making the pyrenoids unrecognizable.

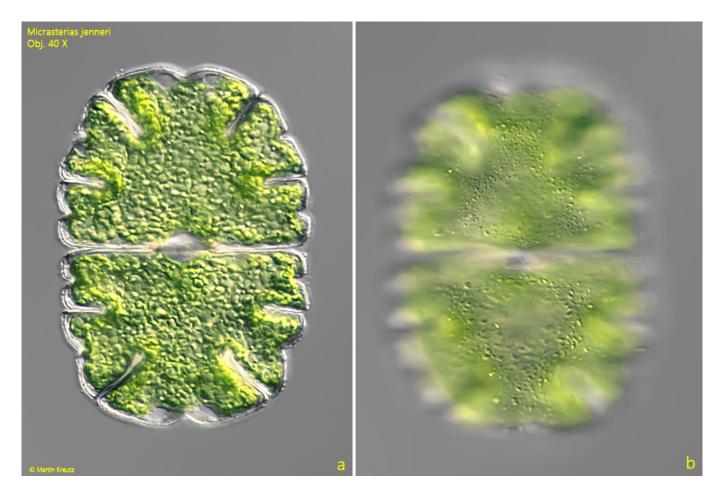


Fig. 1 a-b: Micrasterias jenneri. L = 152  $\mu m$ . Two focal planes of a specimen found in the Schwemm Moor 2004. Obj. 40 X.

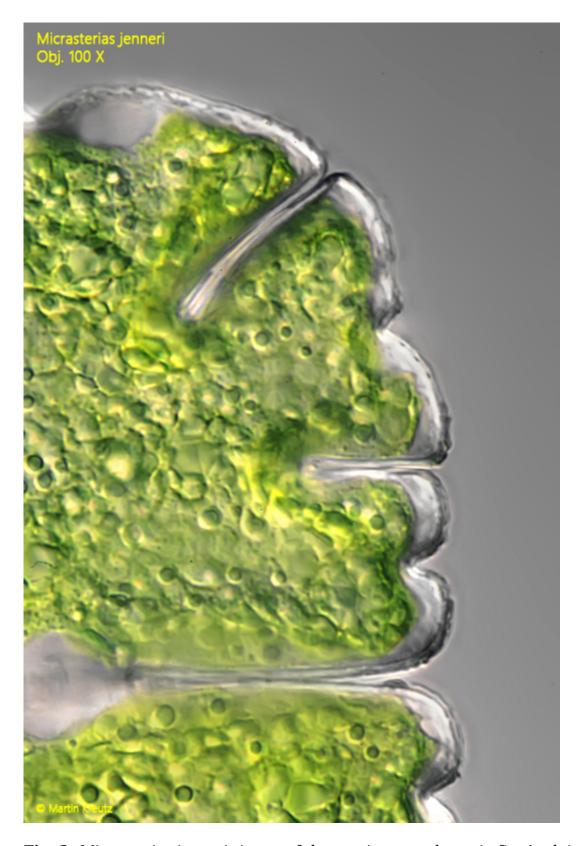
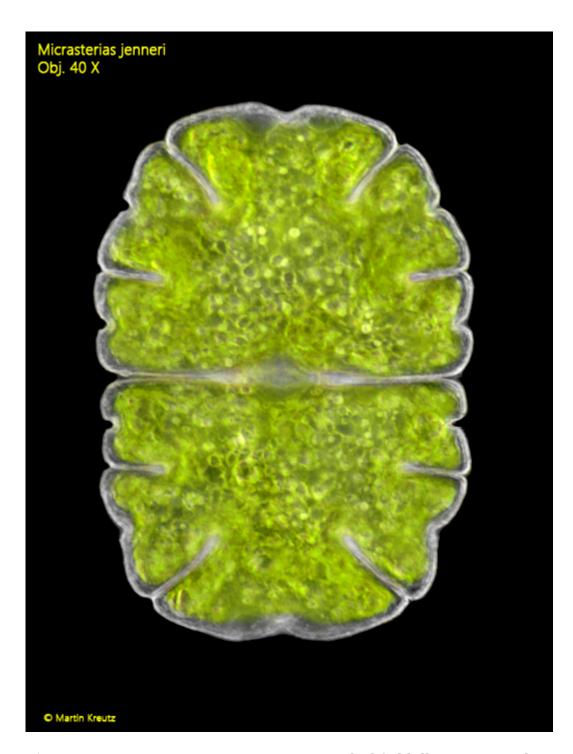


Fig. 2: Micrasterias jenneri. A part of the specimen as shown in fig. 1 a-b in detail. Obj. 100 Χ.



 $\textbf{Fig. 3:} \ \textit{Micrasterias jenneri}. \ \textbf{A specimen in darkfield illumination}. \ \textbf{Obj. 40 X}.$