## Palmodictyon varium

## (Nägeli) Lemmermann, 1915

Most likely ID: n.a.

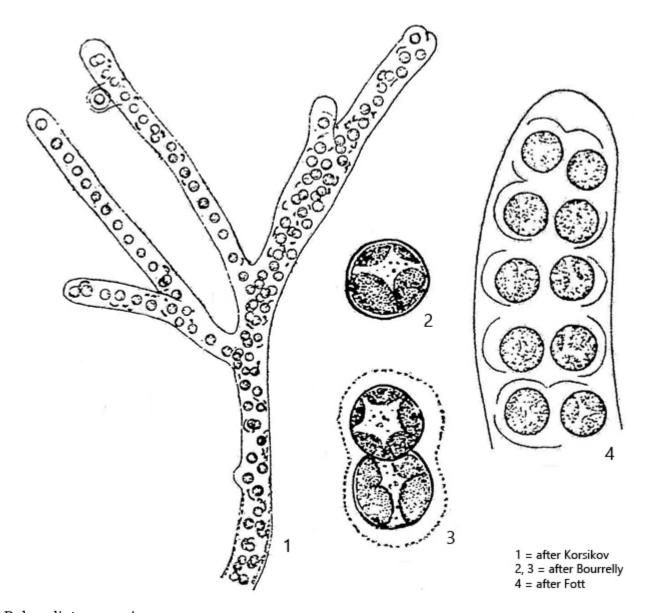
Synonym: n.a.

**Sampling location:** Simmelried

Phylogenetic tree: Palmodictyon varium

## **Diagnosis:**

- cells spherical
- diameter 4-12  $\mu m$
- cells arranged in a single row or groups (2-4) in gelatinous tubes
- gelatinous tubes structureless, often branched
- 4-6 chloroplasts per cell
- pyrenoid absent



## Palmodictyon varium

I find the tubular colonies of *Palmodictyon varium* rarely but regularly between floating plant masses in the <u>Simmelried</u>. The cells of the colonies in my population have a diameter of 8-9 µm. Close examination reveals several chloroplasts and no pyrenoid. This distinguishes Palmodictyon varium from the very similar species Palmodictyon viride, which has a single, cup-shaped chloroplast with a clearly visible pyrenoid.

In my population the gelatinous tubes of the colonies, in which the cells are embedded, often had a reddish coloration. In young colonies, however, the tubes were colorless. It is possible that this is a later storage of iron salts. In the tubes often the bowl-shaped remains of the mother cells are visible, which are still visible after cell division. Later these remains become slimy and become part of the gelatinous tubes.



Fig. 1 a-b: Palmodictyon varium. Two different colonies with branched, gelatinous tubes. The colonies have a length of 300–350  $\mu m.$  Obj. 40 X.

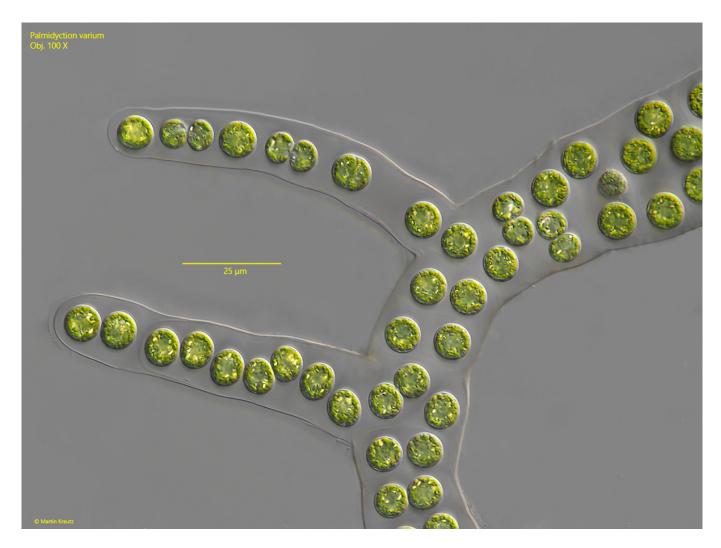
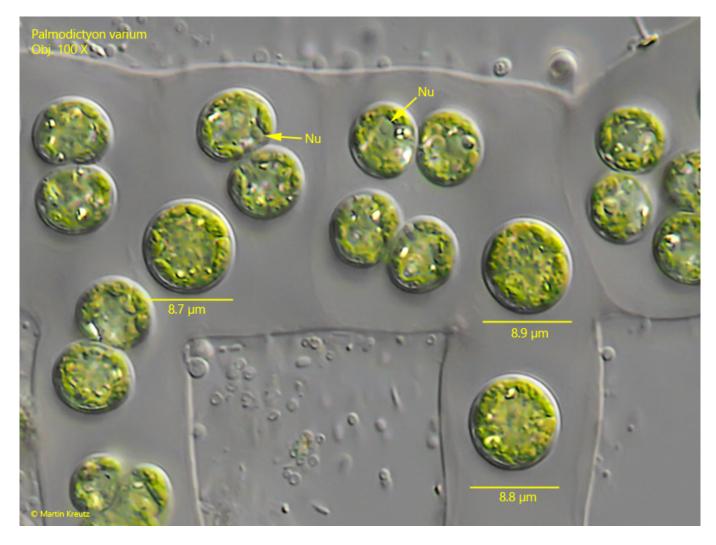
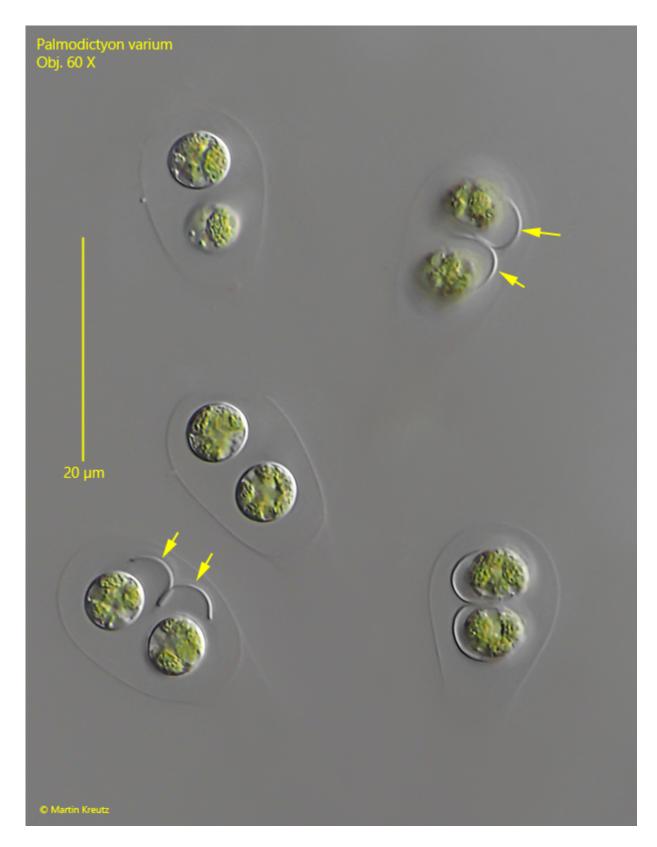


Fig. 2: Palmodictyon varium. A part of the colony as shown in fig. 1 b in deteil. Obj. 100 X.



 $\textbf{Fig. 3:} \textit{ Palmodictyon varium.} \textit{ The spherical cells with a diameter of 8.7-8.9} \; \mu m \; in \; detail. \; Nu$ = nucleus. Obj. 100 X.



**Fig. 4:** Palmodictyon varium. Young colonies in a two-celled stage. Note the bowl-shaped remains of the mother cells (arrows). Obj.  $100~\rm X$ .



Fig. 5: Palmodictyon varium. A young colony of 10 cells. Obj. 100 X.

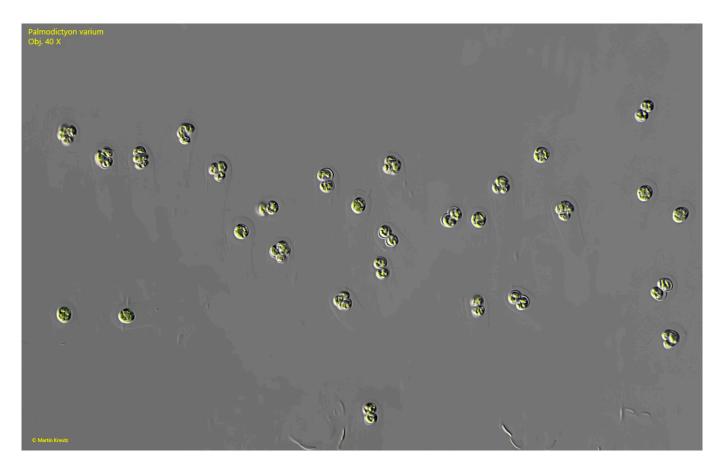


Fig. 6: Palmodictyon varium. Several young colonies in finger-shaped gelatinous tubes. Obj. 40 X.



**Fig. 7:** Palmodictyon varium. Some of the young colonies as shown in fig. 5 in detail. Four of the cells are in the stage of cell division. Obj. 100 X.

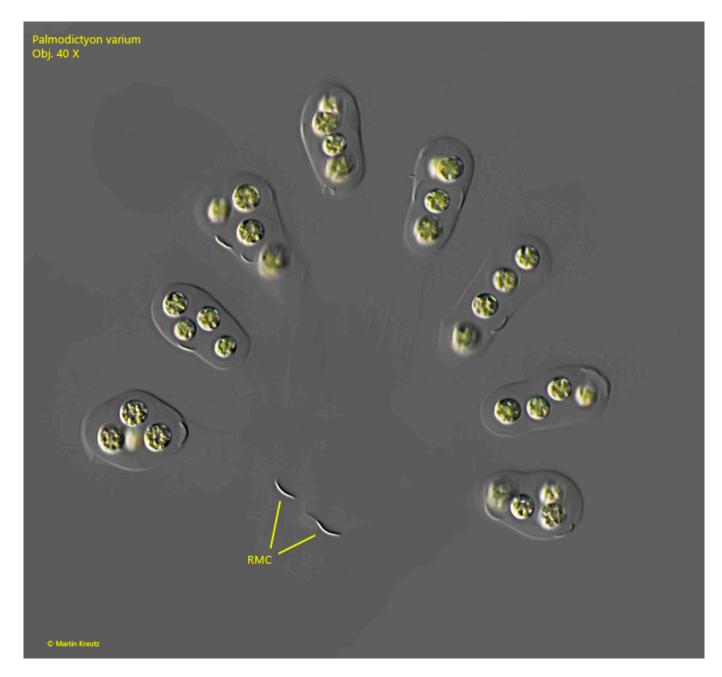


Fig. 8: Palmodictyon varium. Eight young colonies in the 4-cell stage, which have emerged from a mother cell. The remains of the mother cell wall (RMC) are still visible. Obj.  $100~\mathrm{X}$ .