Petalomonas quadrilineata (Penard, 1890)

Most likely ID: n.a.

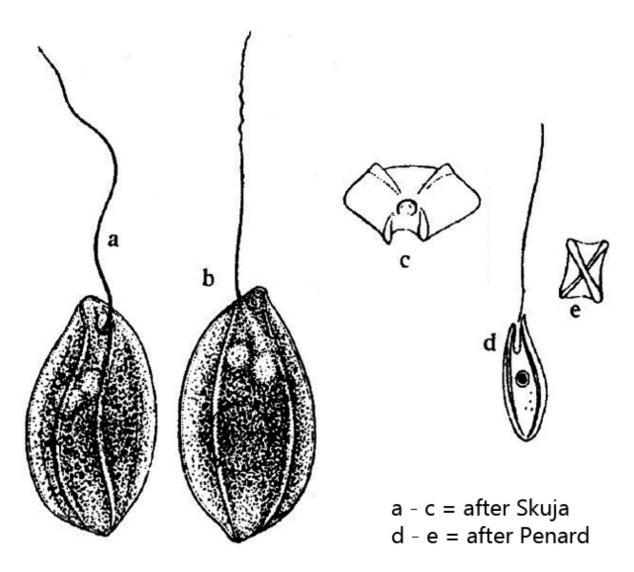
Synonym: n.a.

Sampling location: Simmelried

Phylogenetic tree: Petalomonas quadrilineata

Diagnosis:

- length 20 μm , width 10 μm , thickness 7 μm
- broadly spindle-shaped to ellipsoidal
- dorso-ventrally flattened
- one flagellum
- each two keels ventrally and dorsally
- the keels converge anteriorly and posteriorly
- cross shaped in apical view



Petalomonas quadrilineata

I found *Petalomonas quadrilineata* in 2007 in the same sample as *Petalomonas mira var. bicarinata*. The assignment of *Petalomonas quadrilineata* is really only possible by an apical view. Only in this way the cruciform cross section can be observed, which is caused by the 4 keels. Two of them run on the dorsal side and two on the ventral side. The dimensions are given by Penard with 20 X 10 μ m, without naming a size range. My specimen was 27 μ m long and 14 µm wide. The keels of the similar species Petalomonas alata are much higher and steeper, giving an almost X-shaped apical view, with deep depressions between the keels.

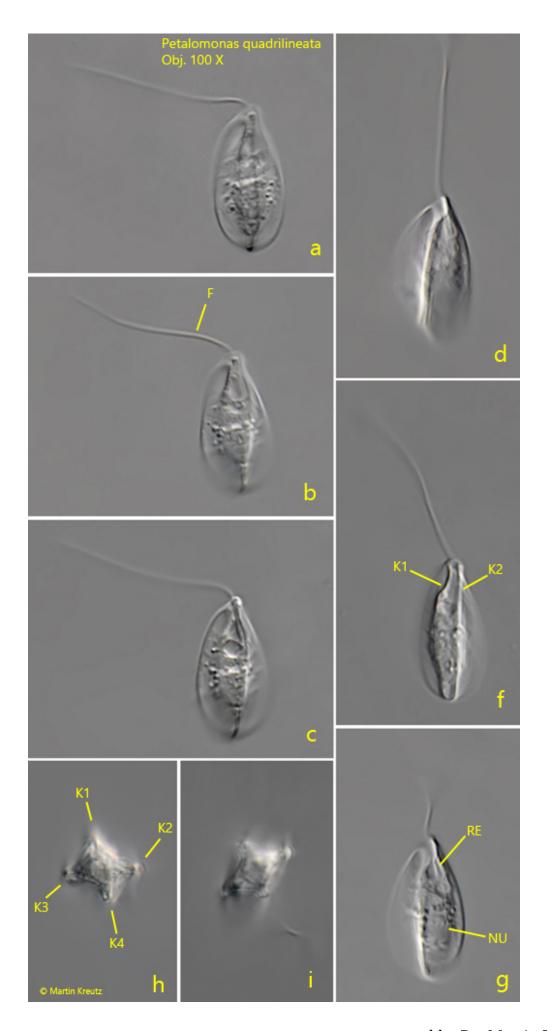


Fig. 1 a-i: Petalomonas quadrilineata. $L=27~\mu m$, $W=14~\mu m$. A freely swimming specimen. h, i) In apical view the specimen is cross-shaped due to the 4 keels (each two dorsal and ventral). F = flagellum, K1 - K4 = dorsal and ventral keels, NU = nucleus, RE = reservoir. Obj. 100 X.