

Snowella litoralis

(Häyrén) Komárek & Hindák, 1988

Most likely ID: n.a.

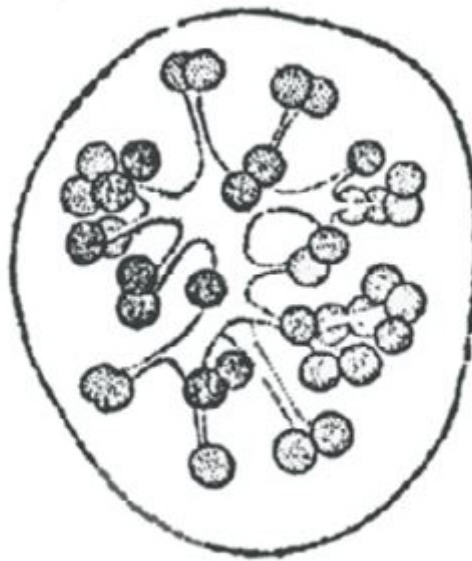
Synonym: *Gomphosphaeria litoralis*

Sampling location: [Bussenried](#)

Phylogenetic tree: [Snowella litoralis](#)

Diagnosis:

- colonies spherical, ovoid or irregularly ellipsoidal
- colonies covered with mucilaginous mass
- colonies 30–95 µm in diameter
- cells spherical, diameter 2.4–4.0 µm
- cells in peripheral layer at distal end of branched, mucilaginous stalks
- cells are separated from each other
- stalks originating in center of colony



after Smith

Snowella litoralis

I found *Snowella litoralis* in large quantities in the plankton from the [Bussenried](#). The colonies were all smaller than 50 μm in my population. The center of the colonies is formed by mucilaginous, branched stalks with spherical cells at the distal ends. The similar species *Snowella lacustris* has distinctly ovoid cells. The similar genus *Gomphosphaeria* has cells which remain connected after division and then appear heart-shaped.

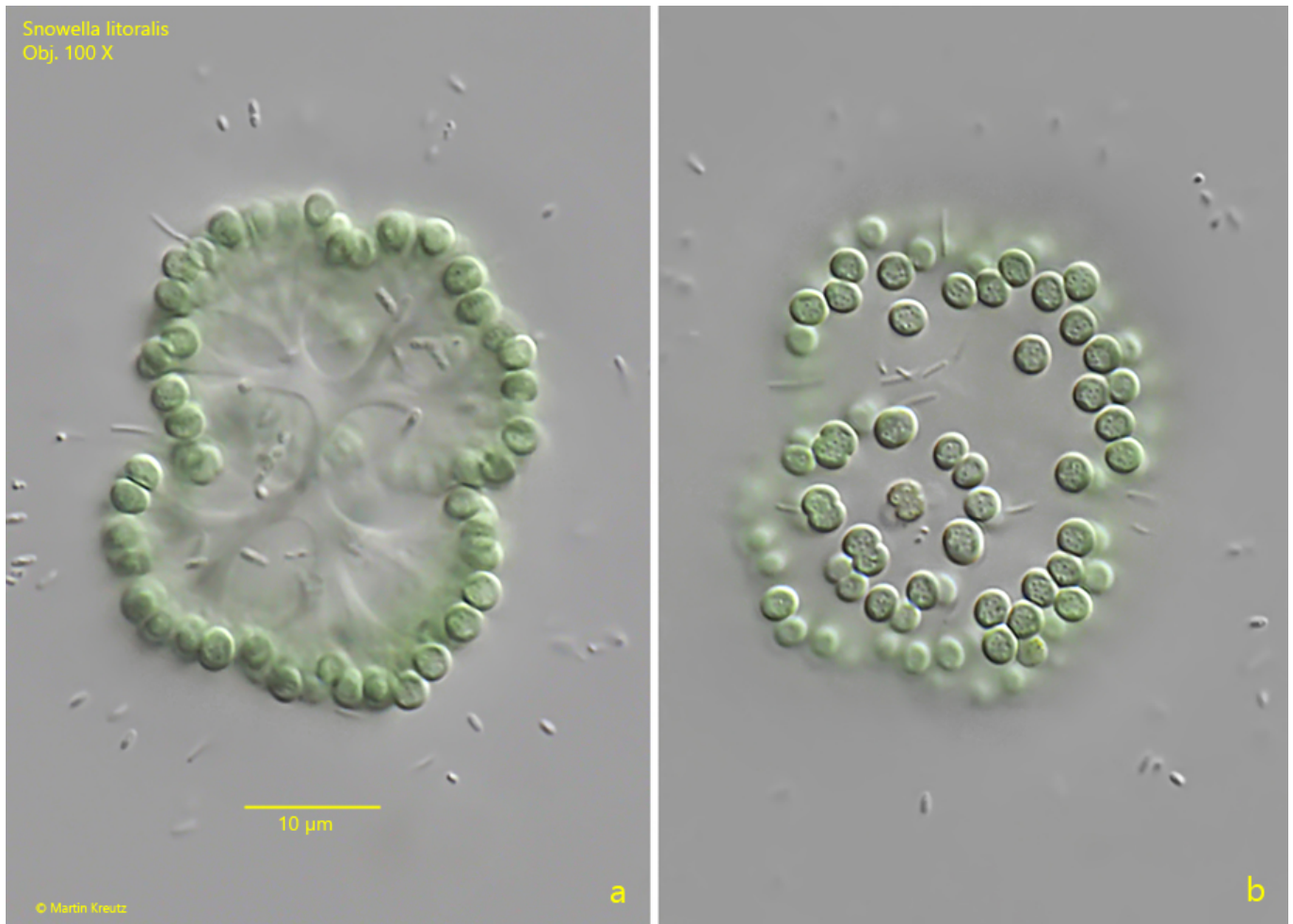


Fig. 1 a-b: *Snowella litoralis*. $D = 35\ \mu\text{m}$ (of colony). Two focal planes of a slightly squashed colony. The spherical cells have a diameter of $2.8 - 3.2\ \mu\text{m}$. Obj. 100 X.

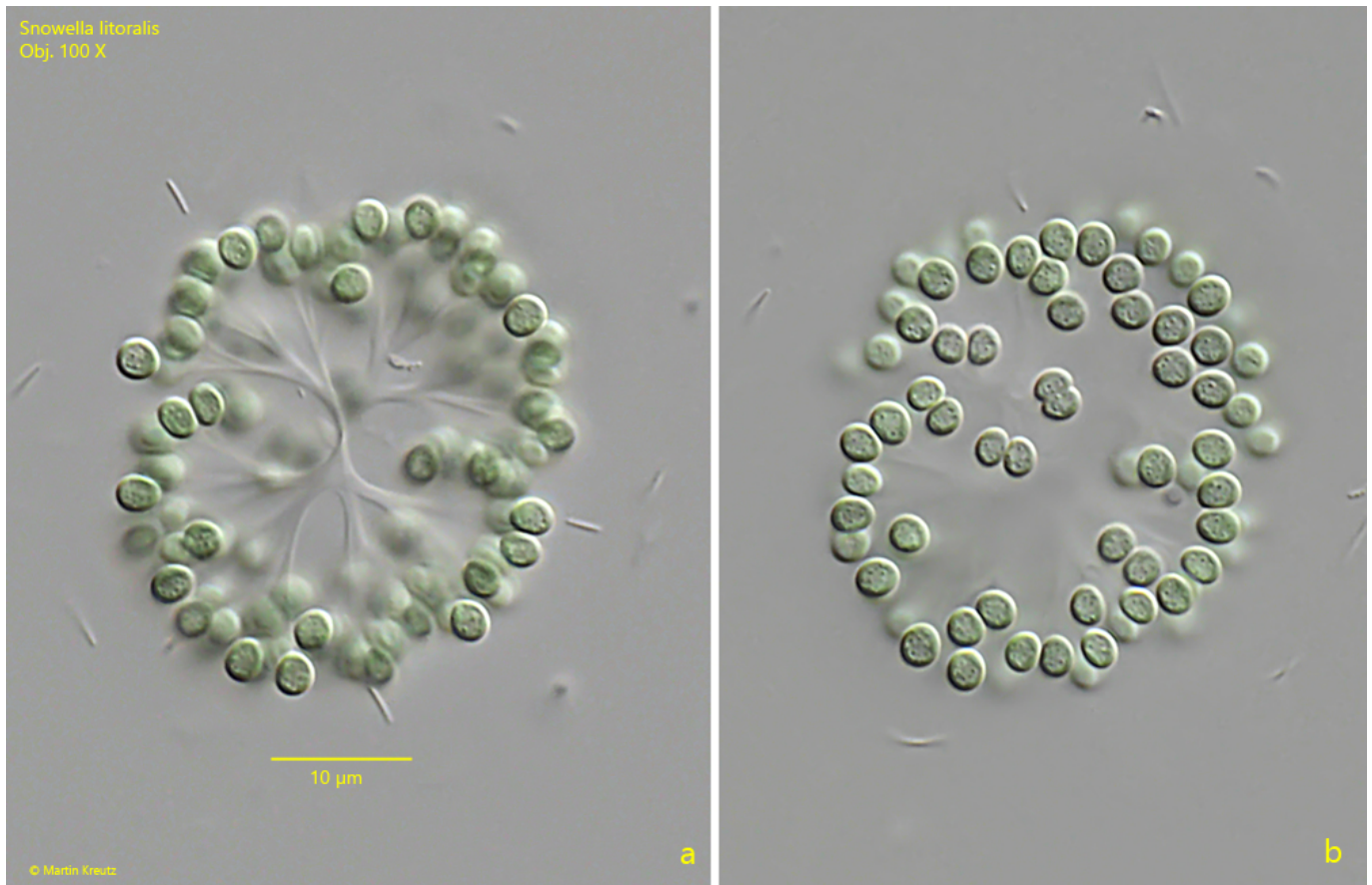


Fig. 2 a-b: *Snowella litoralis*. $D = 38\ \mu\text{m}$ (of colony). Two focal planes of a slightly squashed second colony. Note the branched mucilaginous stalks in the center of the colony (a). Obj. 100 X.