Squatinella longispinata Tatem, 1867

Most likely ID: n.a.

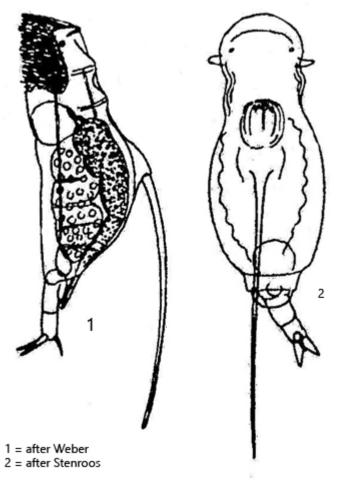
Synonym: n.a.

Sampling location: Simmelried

Phylogenetic tree: <u>Squatinella longispinata</u>

Diagnosis:

- lorica oval with a distinct dorsal spine (96–180 μ m)
- head shield small, almost circular
- length 80-140 µm
- two eyespots with lenses
- two lateral, ventral shields present
- foot with three segments
- a spine on the third foot segment, directed dorsally
- equal pair of slender, pointed toes



Squatinella longispinata

Squatinella longispinata occurs only rarely in my sampling site <u>Simmelried</u>. So far I have only observed two specimens. The first in July 2009 and the second in October 2022. I have not yet been able to record this species in my other sampling sites.

The most striking feature of *Squatinella longispinata* is the very long dorsal spine, which can be longer than the entire body (s. figss 1 and 2 a). In my specimens it was about 110 μ m long. It can be erected and reattached to the body.

The head shield of *Squatinella longispinata* is only rudimentary and almost circular (s. fig. 3 b). There is a short spine on the third segment of the foot, which is directed dorsally (s. figs. 1, 2 a and 4 b). If this short spine is not present, then it is the similar species <u>Squatinella</u> levdigi, which lacks this spine on the foot.

The very long dorsal spine makes it difficult to observe this "bulky" species under the coverslip, but offers an advantage for obtaining a lateral view. If the layer thickness is reduced, the specimens tilt to the side. By careful shifting of the coverslip, it is now possible to get the dorsal spine and the body together in the focal plane at the same time. Images shown in figs. 1 and 2 a-b were taken in this way.

More images and information on Squatinella longispinata: Michael Plewka-Freshwater life-Squatinella longispinata

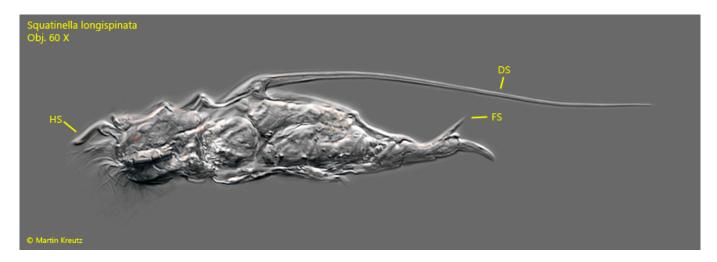


Fig. 1: Squatinella longispinata. $L = 120 \mu m$. Lateral view of the specimen found in July 2009. The dorsal spine (DS) has a length of 112 μm . HS = head shield, FS spine on the third segment of the foot. Obj. 60 X.



Fig. 2 a-b: Squatinella longispinata. $L = 117 \mu m$. Two focal planes of the second specimen found in Oct. 2022 in lateral view. The dorsal spine has a length of 106 μm . VS = ventral shield. Obj. 60 X.

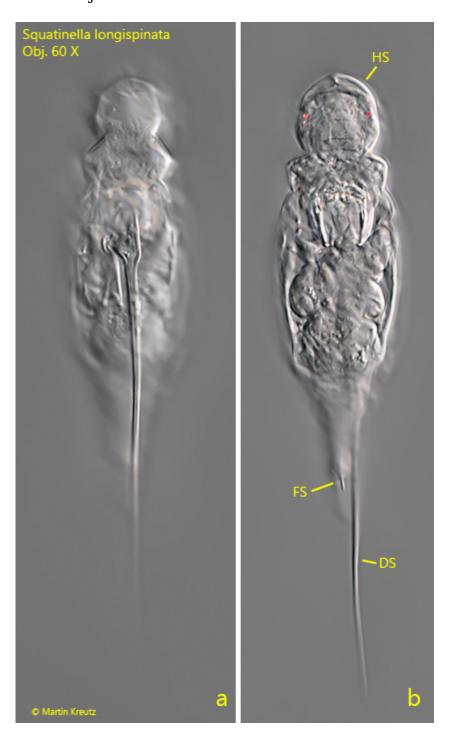


Fig. 3 a-b: Squatinella longispinata. $L = 120 \mu m$. Two focal planes from dorsal of the specimen as shown in fig. 1. DS = dorsal spine, FS = spine on the third segment of the foot, HS = head shield. Obj. 60 X



Fig. 4 a-c: Squatinella longispinata. L = 117 μm . Three focal planes from ventral of the specimen as shown in fig. 2 a-b. CO = corona, FS = spine on the third segment of the foot, HS = head shield, TR = trophi. Obj. 60 X