Trachelomonas volvocina

(Ehrenberg) Ehrenberg, 1834

Most likely ID: n.a.

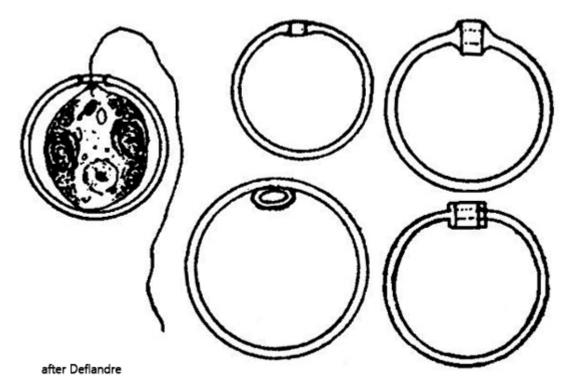
Synonym: n.a.

Sampling location: Simmelried

Phylogenetic tree: <u>Trachelomonas volvocina</u>

Diagnosis:

- lorica spherical, smooth, yellowish-brown
- diameter 6-32 µm
- apical pore without or a low, thickened collar
- surface of lorica smooth without spines
- two chloroplasts with each one pyrenoid
- eyespot large
- flagellum 2-3 time of body length



Trachelomonas volvocina

I find *Trachelomonas volvocina* frequently and regularly in the <u>Simmelried</u> between floating plant masses. The species is easy to recognize by its spherical, smooth lorica. In my population, the lorica aperture is usually thickened in a ring shape (s. fig. 1 a-d). However, there are also forms without such a thickening. Trachelomonas volvocina is said to have two chloroplasts, each with a pyrenoid. But since the specimens in my population were all completely filled with paramylon grains, I could not recognize this exactly (s. fig. 1 c). The eyespot of Trachelomonas volvocina is very large and conspicuous (s. fig. 1 a).

The similiar species *Trachelomonas cervicula* has an apical pore surrounded by a low flat thickening and with a cylindrical canal extending inwards into the lorica. The lorica of the second similar species, *Trachelomonas curta*, is compressed and appears oval in apical view.

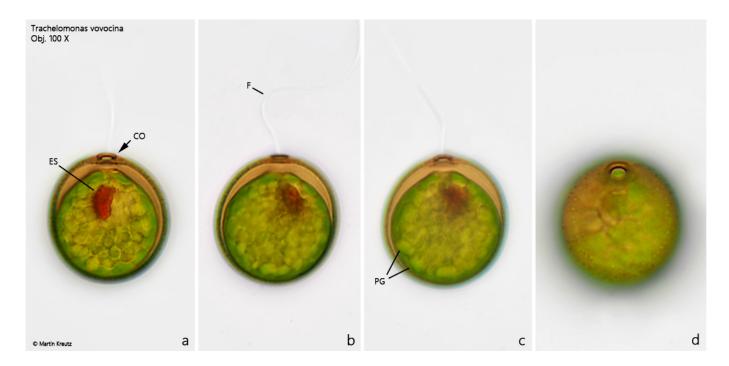


Fig. 1 a-d: $Trachelomonas\ volvocina$. D = 24 μm . A freely swimming specimen with a thickened collar (CO). ES = eyespot, F = flagellum, PG = paramylon grains. Obj. 100 X.